



UCD Lyons Systems Herd Annual Report 2025

Development of a Sustainable High-Output Grass-Based Spring Milk Production System

Summary of 2025 Findings and Research Plan 2026

- Production: Average herd production was 7,518kg milk and 620 kgs MS. Compared with last year's production of 6,748 kgs of milk and 563 kg MS, both milk yield and milk solids increased significantly.
- Grass: A total of 11.8 t DM/ha grass was grown on the milking platform with 10,363 kg DM/ha utilized (88%). In April two paddocks (12%) were reseeded.
- Fertility: Fertility performance was excellent again in 2025. Submission rate was on target at 91%, 6-week in calf rate was 83% and the empty rate was 9%.
- Research focus in 2025: 48 cows were assigned to a nitrogen (N) balance assessment, which involved feeding two concentrate types containing 12% and 14% crude protein in line with DAFM guidelines for derogation farms. The trial measured N excretion and dry matter intake during early, mid and late lactation. In parallel, a methane emissions trial was conducted as part of the DAFM-funded Ruminventory project in collaboration with Teagasc Moorepark. This study involved 53 cows, with methane data collected across the lactation to evaluate the seasonal methane profile of grazing dairy cows in a high-output system. Results of this research will be available during 2026.
- Research Focus for 2026: Research in 2026 will focus on the fundamentals of the system in terms of grassland management, strategic supplementation of native low protein concentrate and achieving fertility targets. This is a year of challenging milk price and concentrate supplementation will be flexible in response to this.

Overall Project Objectives

- To develop a profitable high-output grass-based spring milk production system.
- To incorporate the most recent advances in grassland management for dairy farms into a high-output system.
- Use a type of dairy cow that has good genetic indices for both milk production and fertility.
- Employ the best practices from nutrition research and dairy cow husbandry.
- Incorporate nutritional studies into a high-output system.
- To incorporate management technologies and system attributes that enhance the sustainability of dairy production.

System Targets and Genetics

The system targets are presented in Table 1. The average genetic merit of the herd in September 2025 is presented in Table 2. In the September 2025 evaluation, the overall herd EBI, herd milk sub-index and herd fertility sub-index are within the top 20%, top 1% and top 30% of national herd EBI respectively. In 2025, 15 dairy heifers were drafted into the herd. These included 7 home-bred heifers and 8 high-genetic merit heifers identified using ICBF data and subsequently bought off-farm. The feed budget (target and actual) is presented on a days in milk (DIM) basis and is shown in Table 3.

Table 1: System Targets

| Parameter | Target |
|---|-------------|
| Stocking rate on milking platform | 3.27 LU/ha |
| Stocking rate whole farm | 2.07 LU/ha* |
| Milk yield kg/cow | 7,500-8,000 |
| Milk solids kg/cow | 625 kg |
| 6-Week in calf rate | 75% |
| Concentrate (kg/cow/year) | 1,500 kg |
| % diet as grazed grass | >51 |
| % diet as grazed grass and grass silage | >75** |

* Whole farm stocking rate calculated for 55 cows on 17.35ha MP + 10 ha for silage

**The annual feed budget contains >90% grazed grass + grass silage on an as-fed basis

Table 2: Herd EBI (September 2025 evaluations)

| EBI | Milk | Fertility | Carbon | Calving | Beef | Maint. | Health | Mgt. |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|------|
| 161 (Top 20%) | 52 (Top 1%) | 57 (Top 30%) | -2.17 | 29 | 8.5 | 3.4 | 13 | 0.06 |
| | Milk kg | Fat kg | Prot. Kg | Fat % | Prot. % | Calv int. | Surv. % | |
| | 138 (Top 10%) | 8.2 (Top 10%) | 7.2 (Top 10%) | 0.05 | 0.04 | -2.9 | 1.53 | |

Table 3: Feed budget for 2025 (target allowances and actual feed budget)

| Days in milk | 0-20 | 21-60 | 61- 90 | 91-120 | 121-180 | 181-240 | 241-270 | 271-305 | 306-343 | 344- 365 | Target annual amount | Actual annual amount |
|------------------------|------|-------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Silage kg DM/cow/day | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 15 | 12 | 12 | 2.5t DM | 1.89 t DM |
| Grass kg DM/cow/day | 10 | 10 | 15 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.8t DM | 2.84 t DM |
| Concentrate kg/cow/day | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1.5-1.8t * As fed | 1.62 t As fed |

*In 2025 there was flexibility with the level of concentrate in the feed budget due to the high milk prices.

Production Performance 2016-2025

Table 4: Herd Milk Production Performance 2016-2025

| Parameter | Target | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 10-year avg |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------|
| Cow Numbers | - | 58 | 60 | 59 | 58 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 56.21 | 57 | 54 | 57.3 |
| MP ha | - | 17.58 | 17.65 | 17.65 | 17.52 | 17.43 | 17.43 | 17.43 | 17.43 | 17.43 | 17.35 | 17.49 |
| Silage ha | - | 9 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 10 | 7.8 |
| Whole Farm ha | - | 26.58 | 24.65 | 24.65 | 24.52 | 24.43 | 24.43 | 24.43 | 24.43 | 27.43 | 27.35 | 24.99 |
| SR on MP | 3.27 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.34 | 3.31 | 3.27 | 3.27 | 3.27 | 3.22 | 3.27 | 3.11 | 3.3 |
| SR Whole Farm | 2.33 | 2.18 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.34 | 2.33 | 2.33 | 2.33 | 2.30 | 2.08 | 2.01 | 2.3 |
| % Heifers | 18-22 | 22.4 | 23.3 | 28 | 21 | 23 | 23 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 28 | 22.12 |
| Average Lact. Days | 305 | 301 | 305 | 305 | 304 | 305 | 298 | 293 | 294 | 291 | 302 | 300 |
| Average Protein % | 3.6 | 3.56 | 3.66 | 3.62 | 3.6 | 3.59 | 3.64 | 3.62 | 3.56 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 |
| Average Fat % | 4.5 | 4.51 | 4.48 | 4.54 | 4.53 | 4.56 | 4.46 | 4.50 | 4.59 | 4.77 | 4.53 | 4.55 |
| Average SCC | <120,000 | 111,000 | 91,500 | 154,000 | 56,000 | 58,000 | 50,000 | 73,000 | 42,000 | 61,000 | 58,000 | 75,450 |
| Yield/cow kg (305d) | 7750 | 7441 | 7548 | 6680 | 7541 | 7771 | 7744 | 7234 | 7145 | 7095 | 7792 | 7399 |
| MS/cow kg (305d) | 625 | 592 | 602 | 558 | 597 | 621 | 630 | 580 | 580 | 579 | 629 | 597 |
| Yield/cow kg (Actual) | 7750 | 7407 | 7466 | 6790 | 7381 | 7503 | 7733 | 7010 | 7108 | 6748 | 7518 | 7266 |
| MS/cow kg (Actual) | 625 | 588 | 595 | 544 | 586 | 606 | 629 | 562 | 577 | 563 | 620 | 587 |
| MS/ha kg MP | 2043 | 1953 | 2023 | 1850 | 1940 | 1980 | 2057 | 1838 | 1884 | 1730 | 1930 | 1919 |
| MS/ha kg WF | 1456 | 1291 | 1428 | 1306 | 1371 | 1413 | 1468 | 1311 | 1368 | 1234 | 1224 | 1341 |

Table 5: 2025 Grassland Management

| Grass Production Parameter | |
|---|---------------------------|
| Opening cover on 7 th Jan 2025 (kg DM/ha) | 929 |
| Total grass grown (kg/ha) | 11,776 |
| Total number of grazings | 7.1 |
| Closing cover on 1 st December 2025 (kg DM/ha) | 727 |
| Stocking rate on MP | 3.11 |
| Nitrogen (kg N/ha MP) | 208 |
| Phosphorus (kg P/ha MP) | 0 |
| Sulphur (kg S/ha MP) | 16 |
| Potassium (kg K/ha MP) | 93 |
| Turnout by day | 6 th February |
| Turnout full time | 4 th March |
| Housed by night | 23 rd October |
| Full time housing | 25 th November |
| Total days at grass | 284 |
| Silage (bales) on MP (kg/ha) | 1,531 |
| Herbage utilized kg/ha | 10,363 |
| Grazed grass utilized t/cow | 2,838 |
| Grazed grass utilized t/ha | 8,832 |
| Milk from forage (kg) | 4,040 |
| Average concentrate consumed (kg/cow as fed) | 1,739 |
| Average silage consumed (kg/cow DM) | 1,878 |

Table 6: Grassland Production Performance 2016-2025

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 10-year average |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Grass grown kg/ha | 13,060 | 14,000 | 11,700 | 14,535 | 13,633 | 13,807 | 12,102 | 10,956 | 9,275 | 11,776 | 12,484 |
| Silage on MP (kg/ha) | 1,710 | 2,000 | 1,410 | 1,979 | 1,428 | 1,421 | 2,854 | 814 | 963 | 1,531 | 1,611 |
| Herbage utilized kg/ha | 11,417 | 12,200 | 10,030 | 13,528 | 12,122 | 11,598 | 10,977 | 10,496 | 8,320 | 10,363 | 11,105 |
| Grazed Grass utilized/ha | 9,707 | 10,200 | 8,620 | 11,549 | 10,713 | 10,177 | 8,123 | 9,682 | 7,357 | 8,832 | 9,496 |
| Grazed Grass utilized/cow | 2,942 | 3,000 | 2,535 | 3,489 | 3,243 | 3,112 | 2,484 | 2,684 | 2,249 | 2,838 | 2,858 |
| Milk from forage (kgs) | 4,400 | 4,400 | 3,548 | 4,381 | 4,612 | 4,829 | 3,860 | 4,009 | 3,718 | 4,040 | 4,180 |
| Nitrogen MP kg/ha | 235 | 260 | 265 | 250 | 235 | 210 | 182 | 179 | 222 | 208 | 225 |
| Nitrogen whole farm kg/ha | 219 | 237 | 229 | 231 | 195 | 188 | 159 | 156 | 177 | 169 | 196 |
| P MP kg/ha | 9.3 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 10 | 14.6 | 25.3 | 0 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 12 |
| K MP kg/ha | 32 | 44 | 112 | 120 | 85 | 95 | 29 | 47 | 112 | 93 | 76 |

Breeding 2025

Table 7: Fertility performance of the herd 2016-2025

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 |
|--|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|-------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| Number of cows bred | 58 | 59 | 55 | 58 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 56 | 55 |
| Submission rate 21 d% | 91 | 90 | 96 | 95 | 91 | 95 | 87.5 | 89 | 89 | 91 |
| First service conception rate % | 43 | 49 | 69 | 60 | 74 | 72 | 79 | 70 | 56 | 68 |
| 6-week pregnancy rate % | 59 | 54 | 83 | 79 | 87 | 87 | 84 | 84 | 71 | 83 |
| Empty rate of total cows %* | 9 (5/58) | 15 (9/59) | 13 (7/55) | 12 (7/58) | 9 (5/54) | 7 (4/57) | 10.5 (6/57) | 8.8 (5/57) | 16 (9/56) | 9 (5/55) |

Table 8: 2025 Bull List

| | |
|--------|---------------------|
| FR1132 | PLAIN-KNOLL HURLEY |
| FR1311 | SMASH |
| FR9842 | BALLYDEHOB RINGO |
| FR9881 | LISDUFF NAPOLEON |
| FR1500 | VATLAND GROVES |
| FR7623 | NORTONHILL SUMERIAN |

Breeding was all by A.I and was done twice daily.

Table 8. Average EBI and sub-indices values of bulls used in 2025 breeding season

| EBI | Milk | Fert. | Carbon | Calv. | Beef | Maint. | Mnmgt. | Health | Milk | Fat | Prot. | F+P | F | P |
|-----|------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|------|-------|------|-----|------|
| € | SI | SI | SI | € | € | € | € | € | kg | kg | kg | kg | % | % |
| 267 | 78 | 96 | -11.8 | 47.3 | -10.2 | -4.2 | 1.2 | 26.1 | 301.5 | 23.9 | 16.8 | 40.7 | .20 | 0.11 |

These bulls were selected for high milk fat and protein milk PTA to ensure the milk fat and protein % stay positive in addition to selecting for good health and high fertility sub-index values. An increased focus has been put on selecting bulls with a high PTA for milk and a lower maintenance value as we continue to try and breed animals with the genetic and physical potential to meet our systems targets. From the 28th of April, selected beef bulls were used for the remainder of the breeding season. The beef bulls being used are LM2010 (Rafferty Immanuel), LM7416 (Powerful Proper), LM7713 (Birchpark Rufus), LM9577 (Drumline S 1185), THZ (Towthorpe Dubai), LM4184 (Loyal) and AA7506 (Tower Tommie).

Dissemination in 2025

- Weekly notes and annual report published on the UCD Lyons Farm website:
<https://www.ucd.ie/lyonsfarm/research/dairyresearch/systemsresearchherd-weeklynotes/>
- Industry and farmer groups were being hosted on request throughout the year. This has been limited by the TB restriction placed on the dairy herd at Lyons during 2025.

Research Team

Prof Karina Pierce, Prof Finbar Mulligan, Dr Zoe McKay, Prof Michael Wallace, Prof Alan Fahey, Dr Kate McCarthy, Ms Niamh Dooley, Ms Yvonne Kavanagh, Mr Fergal Monaghan, Prof Emmet Kelly and Prof Eoin Ryan.



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